St. Andrew's Primary School - Knowledge Organiser 2024-25

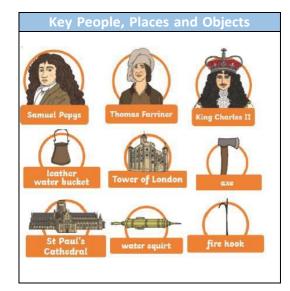
Topic: Great Fire of London Year 2 Term 1



| Key Vocabulary | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| bakery | A shop where bread is made and sold. | |
| diary | A book that people write about their lives in. | |
| St Paul's Cathedral | A very large church in London. St Paul's Cathedral was rebuilt by Sir Christopher Wren after the fire. | |
| rebuilt | Building something again after it has been broken or destroyed. | |
| River Thames | The river that runs through the middle of London. | |
| 17 th century | From the year 1601 to 1700. The Great Fire of London happened in the 17 th century, in 1666. | |

| Key Questions | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| When was the Great Fire of London? | The Great Fire of London started on Sunday 2nd September 1666 and ended on Thursday 6th September 1666. | | |
| Where did the fire start? | The fire started in a bakery on Pudding Lane. | | |
| Why did the fire spread so quickly? | In 1666, the buildings in London were very close together and many were made of wood and had straw roofs. | | |
| What happened after the fire? | After the fire, many buildings were rebuilt . King Charles II ordered that buildings were built further apart and made of stone to make sure the fire could not happen again so easily. | | |







Sunday 2nd September 1666 Monday 3rd September 1666 Tuesday and Wednesday 4-5th September 1666

Facts for Life

- The Great Fire of London started in 1666 in a bakery on Pudding Lane and burned down 13,000 homes.
- 2. When houses were rebuilt, they were made from bricks instead of wood.
- 3. Much of the city was redesigned by Sir Christopher Wren, who rebuilt St Paul's with a dome instead of a steeple. Wren also designed The Monument to The Great Fire of London, which was built close to Pudding Lane to commemorate The Fire and to celebrate the rebuilding of the city.

